## NEW FRANCHISE ASKED FOR

The Citizens' Street Railroad Company Before the Board of Public Works.

Mysterious Secrecy Preserved by the Board-Why the Company Could Not Afford to Pave and Put in More Rapid Transit.

The Citizens' Street-railroad Company has asked the Board of Public Works for a new franchise and permission to change all Its mule-car lines to electric lines. Naturally, the first thing the board did was to extort from the officials of the company an oath of dark secrecy, the next was to invite them to a secret conference a couple of nights later, and the next was to hold the company up by the thumbs in suspense until the Broad Ripple franchise was gotten through the Council. This was two weeks ago. At that secret session President Shaffer presented the case of his company and referred to the work it had done in the past by improving the street-car service of the city, building up the city by constructing and operating many lines that did not pay, and by running suburban lines to Irvington, Brightwood, Haughville and West Indianapolis. The company had already put in one electric line, conceded to be the best in the West, and had in operation on another line the only storage-battery cars in the world that had proven anything like a success. What it had done already was a fair earnest of what it was willing to the future. It wanted to all its lines to electricity as soon as might be, but it would be folly for it, with a franchise lasting but ten years longer, to expend over \$1,000,000 in new track and equipment, with no assurance that its property would not be valueless at the end of that period. As he had told the board before, the company had mapped out extensions which included electric lines to Garfield Park, to North Indianapolis and other points.

WHAT THE COMPANY PROPOSES. The board asked President Shaffer if his company was willing to straighten out its lines instead of running a few squares upon one street and then switching over upon another, and he replied that the company desired to do this as a matter of economy if for no other reason. Curves in electric lines were very expensive matters; the one at Illinois and Seventh streets cost the company \$5,000. It was therefore to its interest to have as few of them as possible. He was asked what his ideas of the proper terms for a franchise were, and replied that the fixing of conditions was a matter that lay with the board. There had been before the Council a franchise ordinance some months ago which the company had thought reasonably fair and which he believed the majority of the citizens thought reasonable. Probably the board might take it as a basis to work upon. This is the ordinance introduced last autumn by Mr. Yontz, and which failed of passage. It provided that where paving was done by the city the company should pave to a width of eight feet where it maintains a single track, and one foot upon the outside of its ontside rails and all the space between where it maintains a double track, the paying to be done in the same manner as the rest of the street and to the satisfaction of the city engineer. From 1901 to 1906 the company was to pay the city 2 per cent. of its gross receipts; from 1906 to 1911 it was to pay 3 per cent., and 4 per cent. from 1911 to 1921. The present transfer system, or another equally good, was to be maintained, and transferring all over the city was to be obigatory. In consideration of these concessions the company's franchise was extended to 1921, or twenty years, and it was given permission to use electric, cable or other rapid motive power, subject to the approval of the Council. It was obliged to put in rapid transit at the rate of five miles per year until its whole aystem was completed, with ten miles for the first year, and the ordinance provided that during the first year a rapid-transit line should be put in to Garfield Park, the Shelby-street line extended to the Belt road and the Fletcher-avenue line to Reid street. The company was not to have the right to any street not now occupied without permission of the Council, unless the owners of a majority of the property upon such street gave written consent, but no franchise for any street was to be given to another company until the Citizens' company had been ordered to construct a line upon that street and had declined to do so.
The ordinance further provided that the
rails and equipment used should be of the
most approved pattern, and had a provision for forfeiture of rights for failure to comply with any of the provisions of the

CORRECTING AN ERRONIOUS IMPRESSION. President Shaffer took occasion to correct an erroneous impression that had been incessantly drummed into the popular ear for a year or two by one or two of the city newspapers. The Citizens' company was not trying to "hold up" the city or use its rights under its present franchise as a club to get a new one. The question of changing its equipment to electricity was simply a business proposition. It would require a very large investment of capital, and to make this investment without a reasonable time in which to get it back was some-thing that no business man would be willing to do. The company was in a posi-tion to give the people better rapid transit service than any other company possibly could, and was fully as anxious to give it as the people were to have it.

The board told President Shaffer that it

would give the matter careful consideration, as it was one of very large impormost valuable the city had at its command. It would notify the company when it was ready to talk further on the subject. The matter of reduced fares was not touched upon, but it is a matter upon which the board is doing a great deal of figuring, having collected information from Detroit, Columbus, O., and a number of other cities. Since this secret session the board had not considered the matter, devoting all its energies to getting the Broad Ripple franchise through. When questioned about the mat-ter, President Shaffer admitted that his company had asked the board for a new franchise, and that he had held a conference with the board, but he said their conversation had been confidential, and declined to tell what had passed, further than that the company had received no intimation as to what the probable action of the board would be. He said he felt confident that the board would deal with his company precisely as it would with any other business concern, without either favor or prejudice. If a new franchise was gotten, he said, the city would be gridironed with electric lines in a very short time.

Hoosier Reunion in California. The natives of Indiana living in Orange county, California, are apparently as devoted as ever to the State that gave them birth. Their annual rennion, May 1, is to be celebrated this year with renewed enthusiasm, and a circular letter received from President Furnas and Secretary Menges, of the Hoosier Society, conyeys the information that the organization numbers over two hundred members, all among Orange county's most prosperous and substantial citizens, and that Senator Church, of Fresno, formerly of LaPorte, will deliver the principal address at the reunion. All Hoosiers in that vicinity are urged to register their names at the office of Dr. Menges, in Santa Ana,

reunion is made up chiefly of short speeches of a reminiscent character by various mem-bers of the society, music and a big dinner. It is an event looked forward to with delight by all Hoosiers living in and about

THE BRIGHTON BEACH DROWNING.

George Hardy's Body Recovered-The Woman Identified as Mrs. Grant Sells.

The body of the young man who, with a woman, was drowned in the canal at Brighton Beach on Saturday night, was recovered at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, Captain Quigley being the first to locate it. The barbed wire which had been abandoned for a seine, was found entangled in the man's clothes, and was holding the skiff in anchorage. It was this fact that attracted Captain Quigley's attention. This body was also taken to Girton's, and was recognized in the afternoon as that of George Hardey, of No. 237 East South street, where he lived with his wife and child. He told his wife with his wife and child. He told his wife as he left the house Saturday evening that he was going out to get shaved. Hardy was employed as a machine hand in a cabinet-works. A brother of his wife was the first to identify him. The identity of the woman was not positively established until 10:30 o'clock last night, when ex-Chief of Police Travis confirmed the previous well-defined belief of Corwin Sells and Andrew Sample, that she was the widow of Grant Sample, that she was the widow of Grant Sells, the former's brother, who died of consumption in California about a year ago. She has resided in the house in Belmont given her husband by his father, Michael Sells, the prominent stock-dealer, and leaves a boy fourteen years of age. The latter had been left by her, an hour before she went to Brighton Beach, at the home of her brother-in-law, Andrew Sample, on Meek street, he having been in-

vited to a children's party there.

The remains, which have been embalmed, were ordered taken to the home of Michael Sells this morning. The body of Hardey will also be taken to his house to-day. His face is much disfigured by the barbs of the strand of wire used in raising the bodies to the surface. Their positious indicate that Hardey, who was an expert swimmer, had attempted to save the woman, but that her weight, she being much heavier than he, bore him to the bottom. The water was over ten feet deep at the place where they were found. The cause of the boat's upsetting can only be surmised. The woman had on Hardey's coat when taken from the water, and it may be that the effort at putting this on caused the accident. There was no evidence of either having been intoxicated. The sum of \$1.80 was found in Hardey's

ASSESSORS' TRIBULATIONS.

Samples of Differences the State Tax Commission Is Called Upon to Adjust.

"We are having plenty to do these days straightening out the tar assessors," remarked Tax Commissioner Walker, yesterday. "Some of them are pretty badly discouraged, and the situation in many of the counties is enough to make them so. few days ago we received a letter from an assessor in Delaware county saying that he was appraising land along the line between that and Blackford counties at from \$20 to an acre, while the same land on the Blackford county side was being listed by the assessor at \$5 and \$6 an acre. The Delaware county man naturally desired to know just how the matter was going to be equalized as the farmers were protesting against the injustice of paying taxes four times heavier than their neighbors on land of practically the same

"Another instance of a similar character," continued Colonel Walker, "was reported from Lagrange county, where good negotiable paper, such as well-se-cured promissory notes, was being listed at 100 cents on the dollar, while across the line in Elkhart county the same sort of paper was put in at 70 and 80 cents. The Lagrange assessors are having a hard time explaining this queer state of affairs to the tax-payers, and are importuning the commission to straighten it out so that there shall be a consistent assessment. These two samples are cited to show how much there is to contend with in the new law. The adjustment of these differences is part of our work, which is by no means easy."

The City League's Opening Games. The Daltons easily defeated the Grand Avenues at Brighton Beach yesterday afternoon, before about one thousand people, by both out-batting and out-fielding their opponents. The features of the game were the fielding of Sowders and O'Brien, and the pitching of Sleighle, who retired the side twice on strikes. Score:

Daltons.......0 0 0 1 0 2 0 4 4-11 Grand Avenues ... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 Batteries-Daltons, Sleighle and Lyons; Grand Avenues, Ramsey and Schawb, and Schawb and Bright. Two-base hits—Callahan, Sowders and Schawb. Struck out—By Ramsey, 7; Schawb, 1; Sleighle, 13. Base hits—Daltons, 9, Grand Avenues 4. Urmira—Marca Time, two bourses. nues, 4. Umpire-Moore. Time, two hours.

The opening game between the Hustlers and Easterns at Coy's Park yesterday resulted in a victory for the Hustlers, in ten Hustlers, Schultz and Adams; Easterns, Vance and Iten.

Shot in the Leg. Last night Brighton Beach was again thrown into a high state of excitement by a shooting affray, in which Si Eaglin, the proprietor, figured as the man with a gun. Two young men, he says, came to his place from Fairview Park, and said they were going to make trouble. Eaglin drove them out of the house and they retreated to the canal embankment and called to him that if he stepped out of the door they would shoot He accepted the challenge, but the sight of a shotgun in his hands caused them to turn and run. Eaglin says he fired in the air to scare them, but it evidently did more than that, for one of them, Daniel Rogers by name, was shot in the leg, and a painful flesh wound inflicted. Rogers received medical attention. No arrests were made.

Rushing the Growler.

James O'Day, a West-end youth, frequently in trouble with the police, was discovered in Henry Stock's saloon on Hadlev avenue, West Indianapolis, yesterday morning, at 11 o'clock, having secured en-trance by breaking in a side door. He was in the act of filling a watering can with beer as the bartender opened the front door. He succeeded, however, in making his escape through the window, but not before he was recognized.

Chief Spiann's Stable Scorched. An alarm from Box 56 last evening was caused by the discovery of a fire in the stable rented by Chief of Detectives Tim Splann. The loss was about \$50. The fire was probably of incendiary origin.

The Boston Heaven. The old story is matched of the Boston woman who, having gone to heaven, reappeared in a seance, and said, when asked if she was happy there, "Well, it isn't Bos-ton." The new story is of a Boston man who dreamed he was on the other side, and was surprised to find his wife and daughters all at home (which, by the way, was quite such a home as the one he pays taxes on here.) He expressed his surprise at the table, and the entire feminine contingent responded in a mournful chorus: "Oh, there's nowhere to go; there are no lectures

What a Statesman Could Do for Italy. Brooklyn Standard-Union.

If Italy could be managed by a statesman for a few months she would stop fussing with the United States, get out of the triple alliance, reduce her army one-third, and self half her fleet to this country. We need those ships.

Only One Left.

Iowa State Register. Now that P. T. Barnum is dead and burat the office of Dr. Menges, in Santa Ana, sud a premium is offered to the first Posey showman left, and that one is a preacher—be with Talmage, of New York city.

Interesting Discourse by Dr. Bashford on Wesley's Life, Character and Work.

Progress of the Work of Protestant Missionarie in Japan Reported by Rev. T. F. Marshall-Evangelist Leyden's Evening Meeting.

WESLEY AND HIS WORKS.

Dr. Bashford's Estimate of the Character and Accomplishments of Methodism's Founder. Rev. James W. Bashford, D. D., president of the Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, O., preached at Central-avenue M. E. Church yesterday morning and evening. His theme at the evening service was "John Wesley." In beginning his remarks he said that the eighteenth century, which witnessed the appearance of Gothe in culture, Kant in philosophy, Humboldt and Cuvier in science, Frederick the Great and Napoleon in war, Handel and Beethoven in music, Blackstone in law, Voltaire in skepticism and Wesley in religion, cannot be called a barren age. He said that these men have not only made their century interesting in itself, but they have projected themselves into the nineteenth century and represent the forces which are molding us to-day.

Of Wesley, intellectually, he said he was

the best trained Englishman of his genera-tion. An element in Wesley's composition which ought not to be overlooked was his practical common sense. He himself said, "On Scripture and common sense I build my principles. Just so far as human au-thority agrees with them I accept it." When seventy-three years old he received a letter from the Commissioner of Revenue saying that the bishop of forty thousand Methodists must have a large amount of silver plate, and commanding him to make an immediate return of the same for taxation. Wesley answered by return mail: "Sir—I have two silver teaspoons at London and two at Bristol. This is all the plate which I have at present, and I shall not buy more while so many around me want bread." Wesley first found aprritual peace himself and then became the human agent in leadconsecration, this openness of truth, this common sense, which led him to diregard precedents and follow the light he had, made Wesley the Bacon of modern Christendom. He applied the scientific principle to religious phenomena. Wesley's empha-sis of experience is exactly matched by Bacon's emphasis of experiment. His application of the method of experience not only made him the Bacon of modern Christendom, but, combined with practical tact, it made him the modern Paul, organizing Christianity for the Anglo-Saxon race and invading the new world with his faith, as Paul organized Christianity for the Roman empire and moulded Europe with his faith. The student of history must recognize that while Wesley's style is as clear as Newton's, yet that, like Newton, he cannot take a place with Milton, Shakspeare, Bunyan, Gethe and Dante among the immortal authors. We must also recognize the bias in his political views, which came from the very strength of his executive ability, and confess that in politics he leaned too strongly toward a centralized form of government, and sided with George III against the independence of Americans. It is no disgrace to Wesley that this busy stud ent of God's word had not the comprehension of the political problems which characterized Pitt and Burke. This mistake of Wesley is mentioned that ardent Methodists may be kept from proclaiming the infal libility of our Protestant pope.

Cardinal Manning, the highest Englishman in the Roman Catholic Church, calls

Wesley the greatest man that modern England has produced. William T. Stead places Methodism second in the Protestant world, and first among English speaking peoples, with twenty-five million adherents. When we remember that Lutheranism and the Episcopal Church are both between three and four times as old as Methodism it is no wonder that Cardinal Manning ranks the man who could start such movement the greatest modern Englishman. We do not wish our Catholic friends to abate their zeal or relinquish their efforts for the conversion of heathen people, but the statistics of religious progress for the last three hundred years give reason to think that if Christianity conquers the globe the conquering faith will be largely Protestant and Methodism gives promise of becoming the dominant form of Christian faith for the world. The man who made more of his university career than Grethe, who became familiar with the best German theology of his time, who was so familiar with the New Testament in the original that if ever a passage escaped him in English he could always recall it in Greek, who inspired Whitefield to become the greatest orator and Charles Wesley the greatest hymn-writer, Fletcher the most saintly controversialist, Watson the greatest theologian, Adam Clarke the greatest commentator of his age, who revolution-ized the historic Calvinism and gave the Anglo-Saxon race a theology true to his genius, and aiding it in the accomplishment of its destiny is not to be ranked low as a thinker and as a philosopher. Dr. Bashford will attend the meeting of the 'Methodist Ministers' Association this

morning at 10 o'clock. CHRISTIANITY IN THE EAST.

Encouraging Reports of Work of the Missionaries in Japan, China and Corea, The union foreign missionary conference of the Second, Fourth, Tabernacie and First Presbyterian churches, was held last evening in the last-named church. After a brief statement by Rev. E. P. Whallon of the object of the meeting, Rev. T. F. Marshall, field secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions, delivered an address, devoted mainly to describing the progress of the work in Japan and China. He said that Japan was fairly honey-combed with Christian ideas, owing to the activity of the missionaries and the readiness with which their teachings were received. While the present Mikado has several wives, Dr. Marshall said his successor will have but one, owing to the fact that Christianity has taken such firm root with the people of both high and low degree. At a great parade in Tokio, during Dr. Marshall's last visit there, the Mikado had his favorite wife by his side in the carriage. which incident was regarded in the light of a triumph for Christianity, as well as Japanese womankind. The Mikado had also ordered his subjects to stop bowing to the ground in the humble fashion to which they had been accustomed whenever he appeared in public. There was considerable discussion during his stay there as to the advisability of the government formally declaring Japan a Christian country, something which had been contemplated. The missionaries were unanimous in expressing the hope that it would not be done, for the reason that voluntary professions of Christianity were much more to be desired than the wholesale declaration on the part of the Mikado that the empire was a Christian one. Such a declaration would permit the people to denominate themselves Christians without regard to what they protessed, and would lead perhaps most of them to believe that the Mikado's declaration was all that was

The Doctor, referring to the rigid passport regulations of the country, said the missionaries had complained that to answer the question required to obtain a permit to visit interior points worked injury to their consciences. This question was whether the person seeking a passport was traveling for health or recreation, one of two reasons which it was necessary to subscribe to in order to secure the permit. The Mikado having been told of their embarrassment, said he regarded as the greatest recreation possible the carrying of Christianity to people who scarcely knew it by name. This truthful utterance swept away all their scruples. Dr. Marshall, during his trip through the interior of Japan, found a policeman whose first inquiry was whether he was a Christian and believed in God. The guardian of the peace earnestly assured the Doctor that he was a Christian, and it immediately occurred to the former that

WORDS FROM THE PULPITS the missionary work, and how deeply it betions as the followers of Mohammed. The Doctor spoke of the great work accomplished by the various Protestant churches in Japan, and said that during the past thirty years there had been 50,000 converts to Christianity, an average of 1,-000 a year. He related several incidents to show that the people were hospitable and gentle, ready to receive the gospel and reap its fruits. The statements sometimes made, however, that Japan 16 all melted and ready to be cast into the Christian mold, are not reliable. The priesthood is still powerful in that country, which, as a whole, is by no means ready for the mold. Just like our own country, there is an individual tendency to Christianity, but it must be encouraged for years to come.

Referring to Corea, the Doctor said there

were twelve million people in that country holding out their hands to be saved. For 200 years Corea has been plundered by the rulers of neighboring countries, who have made it a sort of huntingwho have made it a sort of hunting-ground to replenish their depleted treas-ures. The Jesuits, who have been there for two centuries and never given the Coreans a Bible in all that time, have at last been compelled, though only after a hard struggle, to yield to the missionaries from this country, who are doing excellent work. Of China Dr. Marshall spoke in a most interesting strain, referring to its antiquity, the enormous population, the curiosity of the people of the interior points to see foreign visitors, the manner of travel, hotel accommodations and other entertaining features. He traveled where silver coins were not current, but payment was demanded in bars of silver, which were weighed in the fashion of centuries ago. The talks about the waste of money by the missionaries and the use-lessness of trying to carry Chirtianity to China was denounced by Dr. Marshall in severe terms. He described what is known as first-class travel and accommodations in interior China, showing that the term as applied there meant nothing else than actual hardship. The roads are simply paths, the mode of conveyance far more un-comfortable than walking, and the inns floorless affairs with bamboo mats and stones for pillows, the charge for lodging being 10 cents a night, and 15 cents additional for supper and breakfast. This was to show that the hard-working missionaries could not well waste the money contributed to enable them to carry the gospel to these far-away places, even if they did travel "first-class," as charged by some of the skeptics who denounce foreign mission work as a humbug. There are now in China 1,440 native missionaries and 34,505 native Christians. The Chinese Christianity is of an apostolic character, too, for when he has once embraced it h will never relinguish it. You cannot flog or torture it out of him.

At the conclusion of Dr. Marshall's address, Mr. Haines, Mr. Milburn and Mr. Rondthaler spoke briefly, expressing their interest in foreign mission work. A collection was taken which will be divided equally among the four women's foreign missionary societies.

Mr. Leyden's Address. Evangelist Leyden, pastor of the Reformed Baptist Church of Boston, addressed an audience of 1,500 people last night, in Tomlinson Hall, on the subject of the Roman Catholic Church. Mr. Leyden was trained for the priesthood, but left the church, he says, because his eyes were opened and he desired fuller liberty of thought. His discourse was supposed to be an expose of the methods of the church in controlling its individual members and of certain of its teachings. He devoted much time to show that the Pope claims allegiance paramount to that the Catholic citizen owes to the state. The audience was seemingly largely in sympathy with the views expressed and frequently burst into applause. There were a few Catholics

ACCIDENTS TO MINERS.

present, but there was no public resent-

Three Killed and Two Seriously Injured a Premature Explosion.

ment of the views expressed.

ASPEN, Col., April 18 .- A frightful accident, in which three men were instantly killed, and two others seriously injured occurred to-day at the Cameron shaft of the Argentine silver mine near here. While engaged in putting off a round of over twenty holes, loaded with giant powder, a premature explosion occured, killing foreman Ed Reed, Thomas Knebby and Jack Mahoney, miners, and seriously injuring Edward Gileing and one other miner. All of the men have families.

Buried Under a Mass of Rock, WINNIPEG, Manitoba, April 18 .- A gang of men employed on the Canadian Pacific, near Kootenai, came back to work, thinking that all the blasts had been discharged Another explosion followed, and the men were buried beneath a mass of rock. Their names have not been ascertained. DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Local Forecasts For Indianapolis and Vicinity-For the twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M., April 20-Fair weather; increasing cloudines in the afternoon or evening and rains; nearly stationary temperature.

GENERAL INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, April 19 .- Forecast till 8 P. For Indiana-Fair; northeasterly winds; slightly cooler.

For Illinois - Showers; southeasterly winds; stationary temperature.
For Ohio-Fair; northwesterly winds; slightly cooler, except in extreme northern portion stationary temperature. Observations at Indianapolis,

Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H | Wind. | Weather. | Pre.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 19.

7 A. M. 30.06 64 74 North. Pt.cloudy 0.00 7 P. M. 30.00 74 61 N east Pt.cloudy 0.00 Maximum temperature, 81; minimum temper-Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on April 19: Normal.... 

General Weather Conditions. SUNDAY, April 20, 7 P. M. PRESSURE.-East of the Mississippi the pressure is high, the area is central over Lake Superior; the moderately low area west of the Rocky Mountains moved south-

eastward and is now central over Texas

TEMPERATURE - Except over Lake Superior, where the temperature is 40° and below, and over Lake Michigan, where less than 50° is reported, high temperature pre-vailed; less than 50° is also reported from Montana south ward to New Mexico; 60° and above in Manitoba and northern Min-nesota, also from Kansas, eastern Nebraska, southern Minnesota, western Wisconsin, central Illinois, northern Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, southward; 700 and above from Missouri, central Indiana, West Virginia and Maryland southward; 80° in

PRECIPITATION .- Local rains fell from the Mississippi westward to the Rocky Mountains and in the Ohio valley.

Corner-Stone of a Convent Laid. NEW ORLEANS, April 19.- The cornerstone of the new Convent of the Carmelites was laid to-day with imposing ceremonies. It is to be made a pretty place and a fit shrine for the holy women who devote their shrine for the holy women who devote their lives to penance, prayer, self-sacrifice and seclusion. Archbishop Janssen conducted the ceremonies, Bishop Brennan, of Dallas, assisting. Judge Paul E. Theard delivered an oration in French, and J. D. Coleman, president of the Catholic Knights of America, spoke in English. John T. Gibbons, a brother of the cardinal, was grand marshal of the affair, but Cardinal Gibbons descend shal of the affair, but Cardinal Gibbons declined an invitation to be present, not desiring to set a precedent, intending to avoid publicity while here and devoting his entire visit to needed rest. The convent is to

Condition of Poisoned Wedding Guests. LOUISVILLE, April 19.—The sufferers from such a question from a policeman in any American city would lead to the inference that the questioner was insane. The incident was cited to show how far-reaching is | ally improving, and one or two of those

be built by a co-operative association, com-

posed of leading citizens and ladies.

Purify Your Blood

When spring arrives it is very important that the blood should be purified, as at this season impurities which have been accumulating for months or even years are liable to manifest themselves and seriously affect the health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is undoubtedly the best blood purifier. It expels every taint, drives out scrofulous humors and gives to the blood the quality and tone essential to good health.

"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine which I ever used for dyspepsia. I have been subject to dyspepsia for the past two years, but feel that I am cured now." JULIA STRAUB, 443 S. Elinois St., Indianapolis, Ind.

"Each spring, as for years, I make a practice to take from three to five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I know it purifies the blood and theroughly cleanses the system of all impurities That languid feeling sometimes called 'spring fever will never visit the system that has been properly cared for by this never-failing remedy." W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor Agricultural Epitomist. Indianapolis, Ind.

"We are having good trade on Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we know it must give good satisfaction, for the sale is larger now than ever before." B. F. & S. AGNESS, Druggists, Xenia, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

more seriously affected are growing better. On the other hand, Mr. and Mrs. William Terry, at Anchorage, are worse, and Mrs. Robert Gray and Mrs. Clarence Warren, of Louisville, are unable to take nourishment and are slowly sinking. George Beacham, the colored driver, is also much worse, and is not expected to live until morning. Mr. and Mrs. Snooks, who are sick at Eminence, Ky., are the father and mother of the groom. He and his bride are at the Burnet House, Cincinnati, where both are quite ill.

DROWNED IN THE OSAGE.

Two Young Ladies and a Married Woman Lose Their Lives While Boating. NEVADA, Mo., April 19.-Two young ladies, daughters of Richard Kauffman, a prominent farmer, and a married lady whose name could not be learned, were drowned in the Osage river, in the northwest part of this county, yesterday, while out boatriding. There were two men in the boat with them when it capsized. The men succeeded in saving themselves, but could not save the ladies.

Five Men Drowned, WHEELING, W. Va., April 18.-Five men, four Americans and one Italian, were Webster county, on Friday. They were crossing the swollen stream on a foot-log, when it turned, and all were precipitated into the water. None of the victims are known by name, and the bodies have not been recovered.

The Italian's Favorite Weapon. NEW YORK, April 19.-Two young Italians had a quarrel on the sidewalk in One-hundred-and-fourth street this afternoon, when one of them, Charles Moro, stabbed the other, Ferdinand Magrano, in the left side with a stiletto. The injured man was taken to a hospital in a critical condition, and Moro was arrested. The weapon with which the injuries were inflicted was a murderous affair with a twelve-inch blade.

Killed His Brother.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Tex., April 19 .- Yeserday evening N. C. May and O. O. May, a younger brother, were working in a field. They had a quarrel, when the younger brother struck the older one on the head with a stick, knocking him down; when he got up he drew his knife and stabbed his younger brother to the heart, killing him nstantly.

"Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fifty years by mothers for their children while teething, with perfect sucallays all pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes, and is for sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twent-five cents a bottle.

A DEATH-KNELL! This is what a neglected cough or cold proves to millions. If you love life arrest these premonitions of consumption with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Delay is perilous. Fly to the only sure remedy. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache drops cure in 1 minute.

Spring stirs up the bile. You lose your appetite, feel weak, too hot, and oh! so tired. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

A NCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE— A The brethern of the Rite are requested to meet at the hall on to-morrow, Tuesday afternoon, at 1:15 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late brother, Edmund F. Gail, 32°. Jos. W. SMITH, 33°, Secretary.

DIED. HARVEY—Jonathan S., at 4 o'clock Sunday, at the residence of his son, 130 Williams street. Notice of funeral later.

RASCHIG—Reynolds, aged fourty-three years. Funeral Tuceday, at 9 o'clock a.m., from late residence, 22 East St. Joe street. Funeral private. SCHOMBBRG-Myrtle, age sixteen months, daughter of Edward and Ida Shomberg. Funeral at family residence, No. 148 Kansas st., Monday, April 20, at 3:00 p. m. FUNERAL NOTICE.

KRIEL-Ophelia, funeral Monday at 3:00 p. m instead of 2 p. m., as previously announced GALL-The funeral of the late Edmund F. Gall. will take place Tuesday, April 21, from his residence, 421 North Tennessee street, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. NOTICE-RUBBER COATS AND CLOTHES wringers repaired. 47 MASS. AVE.

WANTED - HOWARD STEAM CARPET Cleaning Works, latest improved machines, competent and experienced workmen. Telephone 616. Get prices.

WANTED - AFTERNOON EMPLOYMENT-VV Am a capable stenographer and type-writer, book-keeper or telegraph operator, good penman, Have had experience in all. Care ED., Journal office. CAPABLE MAN WANTED IN EVERY

A town and city to organize lodges for an order paying \$200 in three years. Live workers make big pay. Address Guardian Endowment Society, 180 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. WANTED-WE ARE IN WANT OF A GOOD, first-class pattern-maker; one who thoroughly understands the business and is versed in all its branches. None but a first-class man need apply. Address HEILMAN MACHINE WORKS, Evans-

WANTED - TO EXCHANGE IMPROVED residence property on paved street, in Toledo, Ohio, twelve blocks from postoffice, for good real estate in Indianapolis. Valued \$8,000; unincumbered. Address S. A. BARNES, 1427 Superior street, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED-AGENTS TO HANDLE THE FIRST and only machine ever invented for applying postage stamps to mailable matter. Can apply 60 stamps per minute. No licking of stamps. Patented Feb. 10, 1891. Sample machine by mail, \$2. Send stamp for circulars, U. S. Postage Stamp S. Co., Danversport, Mass.

BUSINESS CHANCE. WANTED-PARTY WITH SMALL AMOUNT of capital for big money-making advertising scheme. Quick work and sure to take. Address LEGITIMATE, Journal office.

FOR SALE. DOR SALE-FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL I' trees and vines. Large stock at low prices. JOHN FREEMAN, 109 North Delaware street.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

NOTICE-OLD SILK HATS CHANGED IN style and felt hats made good as new, by DEPUY, the Hatter, 47 Mass. ave. CHANCE IN A LIFE TIME FOR MEN WITH A capital and active men without capital to secure a very pleasant and profitable business. No drones

or curiosity seekers need apply. Address with 2 cent stamp, C. NSOLIDATED ADJUSTABLE SHOE STORE, 42 Arcade Building, Cleveland, O. AUCTION SALE.

UCTION SALE-OF FURNITURE, CARPETS street, bedroom and dining-room furniture, veivet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, dishes, tables, chairs, curtains, wardrobes, safes, stoves and one elegant range but little used and many others articles. Sale positive; terms cash. L. N. PERRY, Auctioneer.

A UCTION - SALE OF WELL-KEPT FURNIture, carpets and household goods. We will sell
on Tuesday morning, April 21, at 9:30 e'clock, at the
residence No. 54 N. Mississippi st., one fine antique
oak folding-bed, cost \$85; very superior marbletop bedroom suites with toilet glasses, spring rockers, willow and cane-seat rockers, portable wardrobe,
bed-lounge, dressing cases, wash stands, dining
chairs, oak desk, parlor lamps, lace bed sets, cottontop mattresses, woven-wire and spiral bed-springs,
rugs, engravings, etchings, lace curtains, extension
tables, oil-cloth, chenille portleres, oil vaintings, Brussels and ingrain carpets, single beds, toilet sets, rag seis and ingrain carpets, single beds, toilet sets, rag carpets, hanging lamps, cook-stove piped for gas, heating stoves, window shades, comforts, blankets, sheets, spreads and a great many other articles. Gustin & McCurdy, Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS. SPECIAL.

100 Doses One Dollar

GRAND OPERA- HOUSE

AND ALL WEEK {TO-NIGHT! THE NOVELTY OF THE SEASON!
THE BIGGEST HIT IN YEARS!

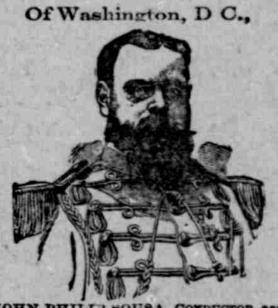
First appearance of the now famous

GOBGEOUS COSTUMES: THE PUPIL DAZZLING SPLENDOR MAGIC Two grand Ballets, with more than Matiness Wednesday and Saturday.

Secure seats in advance.

PRICES—All lower floor, \$1; balcony reserved, 75c; admission, 50c; gailery, 25c.

OF INDIANAPOLIS



by Mile. MARIE DECCA. Prima Donna Soprano, from her Majesty's Opera, England.

The United States Government has given a limited leave of absence to the Marine Band, for the purpose of exhibiting the high degree of musical excellence it has attained in a few special concerts in the prin-cipal cities only. Under their own collective aus-pices and directions, at

TOMLINSON HALL TWO SPECIAL CONCERTS,

Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m., the concerts to commence one hour later. The entire arrangements under the charge and management of the following selected general G. A. B. committee of comrades:

Horace McKsy, chairman; Samuel Laing, vice-chairman; Wm. H. Armstrong, George R. Ellis, D. B. Lucas, George W. Spahr, John A. C. F. Myers, B. E. Stephens, A. D. Miller, J. R. Perry.

PRICES—Night, all over hail, 51, secured in advance without extra charge. rance without extra charge. Matineo-Reserved, \$1. Admissions, balcony, 75c. Amission first floor, 50c. Children admission, Matnences 9 a. m. Wednesday, April 22, at D. H. Baldwin's Music Store, where all tickets purchased of G. A. B. members at book and drug stores can be exchanged for reserved-seat coupons.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES On all railroads from all points within 100 miles of Indianapolis will be granted in parties of ten to 100 or more, and special G. A. R. excursions will be organized in all the larger cities to visit the matinee, which will be made a special feature for these parties and desirable for families and children from neighboring places. For further information address the chairman, HOBACE MCKAY, 2912 North Pennsylvania St.

PROPYLÆUM HALL ART EXHIBIT opens April 15. Largest and fin-est collection of Oil Paintings and Water-Colors ever

seen in the city. Under the auspices of the Indian-apolis Art Association. Exhibit to continue till May 5. Admission—25 cents.

PIANO FORTES EMIL WULSCHNER, Sole Agent,

42 and 44 North Pennsylvania street, Indianapolis

The Journal has secured a series of articles from the pen of

They will treat of the civil war in the United States, and the part taken

therein by the late Gen. SHERMAN. The views and conclusions of the famous English soldier are not likely to be at all times in harmony with those entertained by American soldiers, but it is certain that General Wolseley's articles will be read with close interest by many thousands of the ex-soldiers of the Union. The first of these articles will appear in the SUNDAY JOURNAL of APRIL 26, And will not be found in any other newspaper printed in Indiana.

FINANCIAL. OANS-ON CITY PROPERTY. C. E. COFFIN

NOTICE-RUBBER BOOTS PATCHED AND half soled. 47 MASS. AVE.

LOANS - MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. P. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Boom 11, Talbott & New's Block.

MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEW. 67 West Washington street.

SIX PERCENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN IN-

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW est market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis